## MATERIAL <br> "4GiRL" <br> QUILTS <br> Fat Quarter Mixer



## $\xrightarrow{\longrightarrow \ggg \text { Material Requirements: }}$

$50^{\prime \prime} \times 60^{\prime \prime}$ cover quilt

- 10 fat quarters
- $31 / 4$ yards backing fabric
- $1 / 2$ yard binding fabric

Additional Quilt Sizes

| Quilt Size | Fabric Requirements for Quilt Top | Number of Blocks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $60^{\prime \prime} \times 60^{\prime \prime}$ | 12 fat quarters | 24 blocks |
| $60^{\prime \prime} \times 75^{\prime \prime}$ | 15 fat quarters | 30 blocks |
| $70^{\prime \prime} \times 90^{\prime \prime}$ | 21 fat quarters | 42 blocks |
| $80^{\prime \prime} \times 90^{\prime \prime}$ | 24 fat quarters | 48 blocks |
| $90^{\prime \prime} \times 90^{\prime \prime}$ | 27 fat quarters | 54 blocks |

## $\rightarrow \ggg$ Cutting Instructions:

1. *Note - make sure each FQ you plan to use has at least 18 " x $21 \frac{1}{2}$ " of useable fabric before cutting!! Cut each FQ as shown in the diagram into one (1) $10 \frac{1}{2}$ " square; three (3) $5 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime} \times 101 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ rectangles and two (2) $5112 "$ squares.


## $50^{\prime \prime} \times 60^{\prime \prime}$ quilt

1．Select one（1） $10 \frac{1}{2} 2^{\prime \prime}$ square and one（1） $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 10 \frac{1}{2 \prime}$＇rectangle from different fat quarters．Piece them together as shown to create Block A measuring $101 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 15 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ．Repeat to make a total of 10 A blocks．

## Block A



2．Select two（2） $5 \frac{112 \prime \prime}{} \times 10 \frac{1}{2} /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ rectangles and two（2） $5 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}$ squares from different fat quarters．Piece them together as shown to create Block B measuring $10 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime} \times 15 \frac{1}{2} 2^{\prime \prime}$ ．Repeat to make a total of 10 B blocks．

## Block B



3．If you are making a larger size quilt from the table on page 1 ，use the number of fat quarters required to tell you how many blocks you need to make（for example，if you are making the $70^{\prime \prime} \times 90^{\prime \prime}$ quilt，you will make 21 A and 21 B blocks）．

## $50^{\prime \prime} \times 60^{\prime \prime}$ quilt

1．Lay out your 20 blocks into 4 rows of 5 blocks each（alternating between Block A and Block B）as shown．Sew the blocks into rows and then sew the rows together to complete your quilt top．


2．If making a larger quilt，you will lay them out in the same manner alternating between blocks $A$ and $B$ until you reach the finished quilt size shown in the table on page 1.

